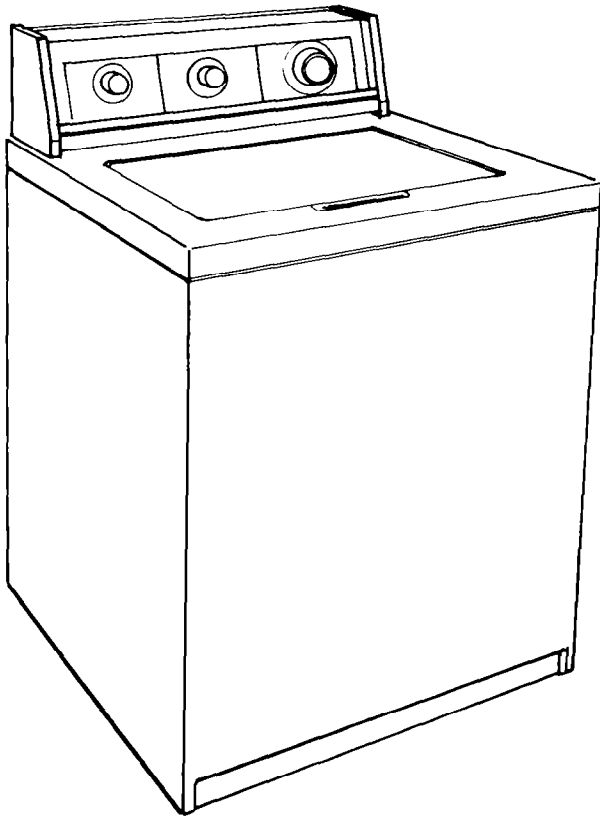


Installation Instructions



Washer



IMPORTANT:

Installer: Leave Installation Instructions with the appliance.

Homeowner: Keep Installation Instructions for future reference.

Save Installation Instructions for local electrical inspector's use.

Before you start...

Check location where washer will be installed. Proper installation is your responsibility. Make sure you have everything necessary for correct installation.

Grounded electrical outlet is required. See Electrical requirements.

Standpipe drain system: needs a two-inch minimum diameter standpipe with minimum carry-away capacity of 17 gallons per minute. Top of standpipe must be at least 34 inches high and no higher than 72 inches from bottom of washer.

Floor drain system: requires a siphon break. Part No. 285320.

Untape and open washer lid. Remove packages, hoses and literature rack from washer.

Hot and cold water faucets: must be within 4 feet of the back of the washer and provide water pressure 5-100 PSI.

Laundry tub drain system: needs a 20-gallon laundry tub. Top of tub must be at least 34 inches high and no higher than 72 inches from bottom of washer.

If a longer drain hose is needed, drain hose (Part No. 388423), and hose extension kit (Part No. 285442), are available from authorized parts distributors.

Important: observe all governing codes and ordinances.

Water heater: set to deliver 140°F water to the washer.

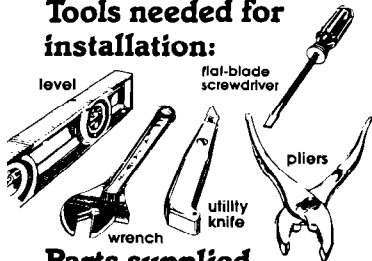
Protection from weather: do not store or operate washer below 32°F. See Use and Care Guide for further information.

Level floor: maximum slope under entire washer 1 inch.

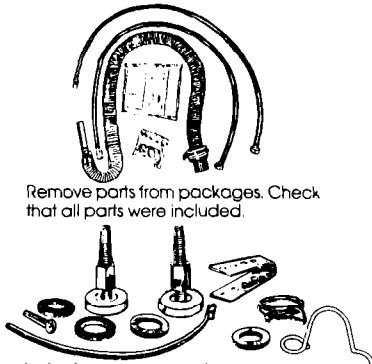
Support: floor must be sturdy enough to support washer weight 315 pounds.

SEE RECESSED AREA INSTRUCTIONS ON JACK COVER.

Tools needed for installation:



Parts supplied for installation:



- 1 wire form literature package
- 1 drain hose
- 1 plastic strap
- 1 grounding clamp and screw
- 1 hose clamp
- 2 inlet hoses
- 4 flat water hose washers
- 2 front leveling legs with nuts

Electrical requirements

120 Volt, 60 Hz, AC only, 15 or 20 Ampere fused electrical supply is required. (Time-delay fuse or circuit

breaker is recommended.) It is recommended that a separate circuit serving only this appliance be provided.

Recommended grounding method

⚠ WARNING

Electrical Shock Hazard

- Electrical ground is required on this product.
- Improper connection of the equipment-grounding conductor can result in electrical shock.
- Check with a qualified electrician if you are in doubt as to whether the appliance is properly grounded. Do Not modify the power supply cord plug. If it will not fit the outlet, have a proper outlet installed by a qualified electrician.
- Do Not use an extension cord with this appliance. Such use may result in a fire, electrical shock or other personal injury.
- Do Not have a fuse in neutral or grounding circuit. This could result in electrical shock.

Do Not, under any circumstances, remove the power supply cord grounding prong.

For your personal safety, this appliance must be grounded. This appliance is equipped with a power supply cord having a 3-prong grounding plug. To minimize the possible shock hazard, the cord must be plugged into a mating 3-prong, grounding-type wall receptacle, grounded in accordance with the National Electric Code, ANSI/NFPA 70-latest edition, and local codes and ordinances. (See 3-prong grounding type wall receptacle Figure 1.) If a mating wall receptacle is not available, it is the personal responsibility and obligation of the customer to have a properly grounded 3-prong wall receptacle installed by a qualified electrician.

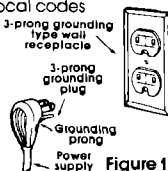


Figure 1

For added personal safety, use clamp and green colored copper grounding wire. Connect the grounding wire (#18 minimum) from the external grounding connector on the back of the appliance to a grounded cold water pipe.* See Figure 2.

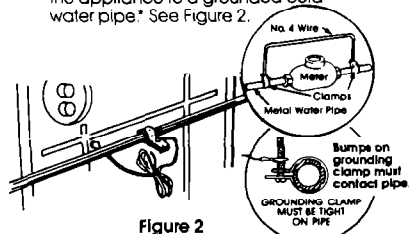


Figure 2

* Grounded cold water pipe must have metal continuity to electrical ground and not be interrupted by plastic, rubber or other electrical insulating connectors such as hoses, fittings, washer or gaskets (including water meter or pump). Any electrical insulating connector should be jumped as shown in Figure 2 with a length of No. 4 wire securely clamped to bare metal at both ends.

Temporary grounding method

DO NOT, UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, REMOVE THE POWER SUPPLY CORD GROUNDING PRONG.

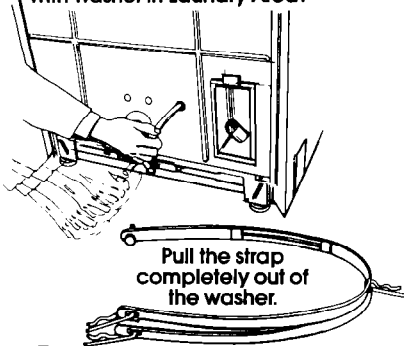
If changing and properly grounding the wall receptacle is impossible and where local codes permit (consult your electrical inspector), a temporary adaptor may be plugged into the existing 2-prong wall receptacle to mate with the 3-prong power supply cord.

THIS IS NOT RECOMMENDED.

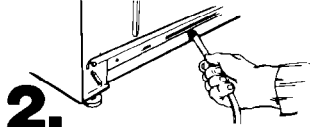
If this is done, you **must** connect a separate copper grounding wire (#18 minimum) to a grounded cold water pipe* by means of a clamp and then to the external grounding connector screw. **Do Not ground to a gas supply pipe or hot water pipe.** Do not connect the power cord to outlet until the appliance is permanently grounded. See Figure 2.

Now Start...

With Washer In Laundry Area.

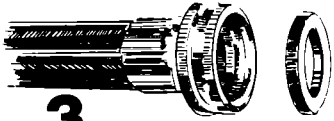


1. Remove tape that covers shipping strap. Pull to completely remove the shipping strap from the inside of the washer. Read, then remove label that covers power cord and drain connector. Peel the tape down and off each side of cabinet.

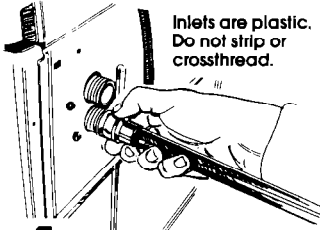


2. Pull firmly to remove the other end of the shipping strap from the back of the washer. The shipping strap plug must be completely removed from the washer for the self-leveling legs to be released.

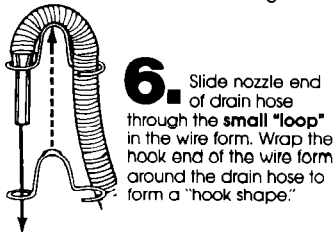
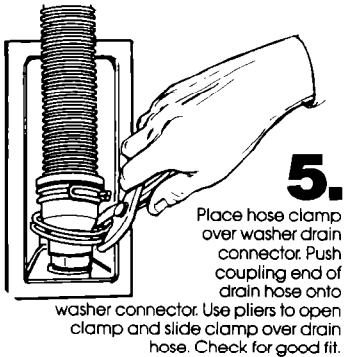
Use new hoses and washers that came with your washer.



3. coupling washer
Insert a flat washer into each end of the inlet hoses. Check that washers are firmly seated in couplings.



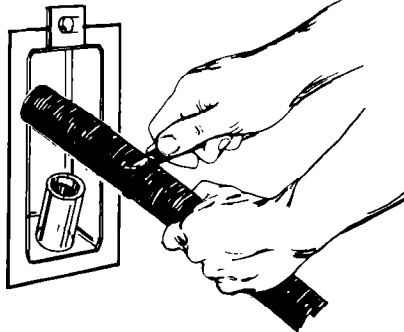
4. Attach hose to bottom inlet valve opening first; then second hose to top inlet. Tighten couplings by hand. Then use pliers to make an additional two-thirds turn.



CAUTION

Potential Floor Damage
Slide washer onto cardboard or hardboard before moving across floor. Failure to do so may cause damage to floor covering.

7. Move washer close to final position. Put "hook" end of drain hose into laundry tub or standpipe. Check for proper length of drain hose.



8. If drain hose is too long – disconnect. Remove clamp and couplings. Estimate length of drain hose needed. Cut flexible end of hose. (Do not cut hook-shaped end of drain hose.) Push and twist coupling securely onto drain hose. (You should feel top of

hose through coupling.) Slide clamp over coupling and hose. Reinstall drain hose. (See Step 5.)

DO NOT FORCE EXCESS LENGTH OF DRAIN HOSE DOWN THE STANDPIPE. THIS COULD CAUSE SIPHONING.

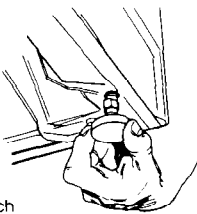


9. Before attaching water inlet hose, run water through both faucets into a bucket. This will get rid of particles in the water lines that might clog hoses.

10. Attach bottom hose (inlet marked "H") to hot water faucet. Attach top hose (inlet marked "C") to cold water faucet. Tighten coupling to faucet by hand, then use pliers to make final two-thirds turn.

13.

Insert legs into correct holes at each front corner of washer until nuts touch washer. **Do not** tighten nuts until Step 16.



14.

Tilt washer backward and remove corner post(s). Gently lower washer to floor.

Move washer to its final location. Remove cardboard or hardboard from under washer.

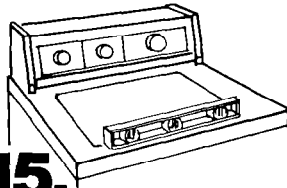
CAUTION

Potential Floor Damage

Slide washer onto cardboard or hardboard before moving across floor. Failure to do so may cause damage to floor covering.

15.

Tilt washer forward, raising back legs 1" off of floor to adjust rear self-leveling legs. Gently lower washer to floor. Check levelness of the washer by placing a carpenter's level on top of the washer, first side to side, then front to back.



16.

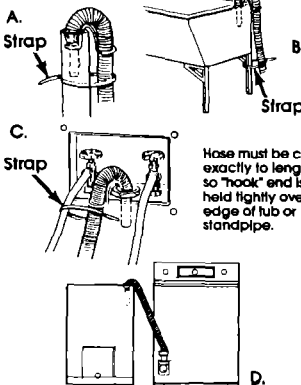
If washer is not level, screw the front legs up or down to adjust. Make final check with level.

When washer is level, use wrench to turn nuts on front legs up tightly against washer base. If nuts are not tight against washer base, the washer may vibrate.

17.

Put "hook" end of drain hose in tub or standpipe. Secure drain hose by wrapping the plastic strap around the hose as shown in Figures A-C. If drain hose cannot be strapped in place, it must be cut exactly to length so the "hook" end is held tightly over the edge of the tub or standpipe as shown in Figure D.

Note: If washer is moved to adjust drain hose, the washer must be leveled again. Repeat Steps 15-16.

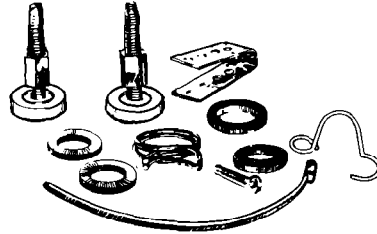


Hose must be cut exactly to length so "hook" end is held tightly over edge of tub or standpipe.

CHECK THAT HOSE IS NOT TWISTED OR KINKED AND IS SECURELY IN PLACE.

18.

CHECK ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS. BE SURE YOU HAVE CORRECT ELECTRICAL SUPPLY AND RECOMMENDED GROUNDING METHOD.

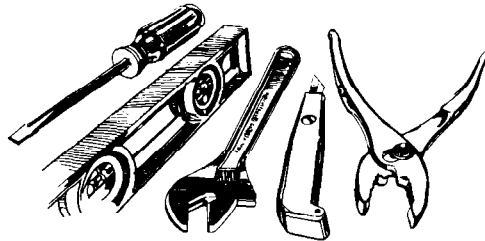


19.

Check that all parts are now installed. See parts list, Panel A. If there is an extra part, go back through steps to see which step was skipped.

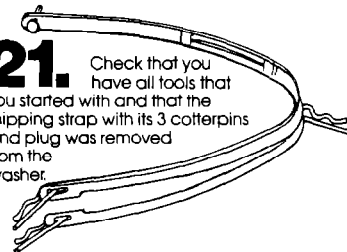
20.

Turn on water faucets and check for leaks. Tighten couplings if there is leaking.



21.

Check that you have all tools that you started with and that the shipping strap with its 3 cotterpins and plug was removed from the washer.



22.

Untape electrical cord and plug into grounded outlet.

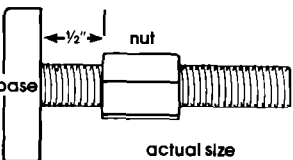
23.

Take a few minutes and read the Use and Care Guide to fully understand your new washer. Now start the washer and allow it to complete the regular cycle.

To get the most efficient use from your new washer, read your Use and Care Guide. Keep Installation Instructions and Guide close to the washer for easy reference.

11.

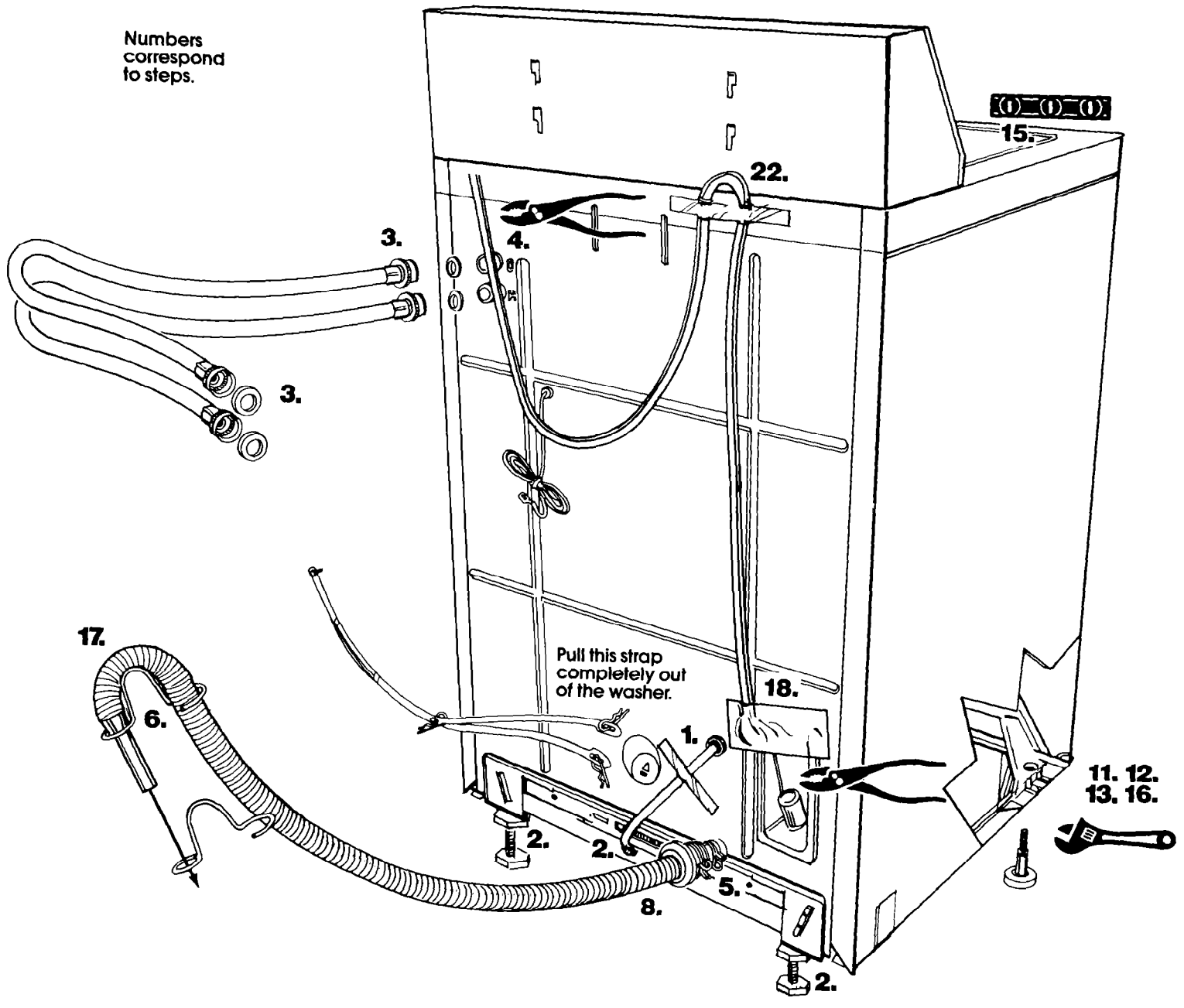
Carefully tilt washer backward until front of washer is 3-4 inches off of floor. Insert 1 or 2 corner posts.



12.

Use legs and nuts from parts package. Screw nut down to within 1/2" of base.

Numbers correspond to steps.



15

22

3

4

3

17

6

Pull this strap completely out of the washer.

18

1

2

2

8

5

2

11. 12.
13. 16.



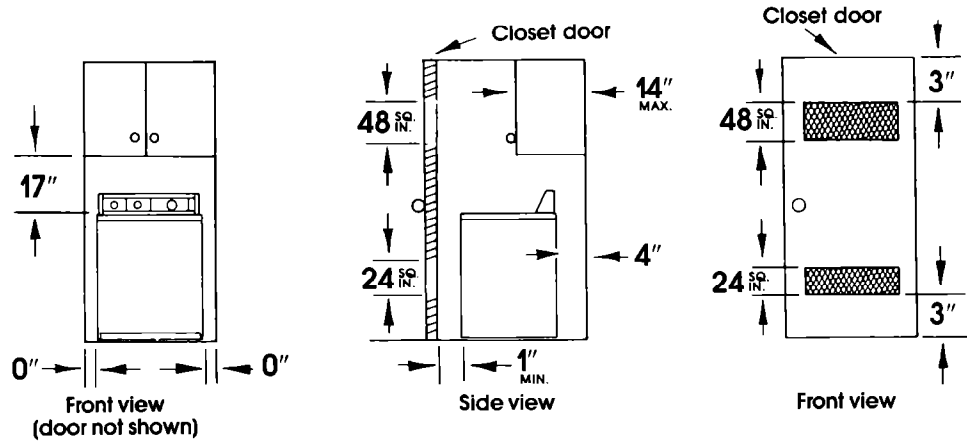
Recessed area instructions

This washer may be installed in a recessed area or closet.

The installation spacing is in inches and is minimum allowable. Additional spacing should be considered for ease of installation and servicing.

If closet door is installed, the minimum air openings in top and bottom are required. Louvered doors with air openings in top and bottom are acceptable.

Companion appliance spacing should be considered.



Minimum installation spacing

